PETITION FOR SPECIAL HEARING Before The E/S Benson Avenue, 296.3" N DEPUTY ZONING COMMISSIONER of Sulphur Spring Road (5227 Benson Avenue) 13th Election District Ist Councilmanic District Benson Holding Co., Inc.

FINDINGS OF FACT AND CONCLUSIONS OF LAW The Petitioners herein request a special hearing to approve the nonconforming use of the subject property as a three-apartment dwelling

unit in accordance with Petitioner's Lxhibit 1. The Petitioners . W Herbert L. Fisher, President, appeared, testified, and was represented by Robert B. Greenwalt, Esquire. Appearing as Protestants in the matter were Michael S. Fischer and Robert O. Funk, adjoining property owners.

Testimony indicated that the subject property, known as 5227 Benson Avenue, consists of .14 acres zoned D.R. 5.5 and is improved with a two story frame dwelling and separate garage. Mr. Fisher testified the Petitioners purchased the subject property in late 1959, early 1960 at which time the property was used as three apartments. He indicated that since their purchase of the property, the building has been used continuously and without interruption as three apartments. Mr. Fisher testified that pending a determination of this hearing, he intends to rent only the first and second floor apartments, leaving the basement apartment vacant. To support his testimony, Petitioner's introduced the affidavit of K. Doris Grimm verifying that she is familiar with the subject property being occupied as a two-apartment dwelling since June 1941. Mr. Fisher testiemily previously owned 5227 Benson Avenue.

Mr. Punk testified that he has resided at 5223 Benson Avenue for the past 12 years. Who testified that to the best of his knowledge, the property has been used continuously as apartments, however, he does not know the number. Mr. Pischer, who owns 5225 Renson Avenue, testified that while he has only owned his property for the past few years, he has been familiar with the area for the past 37 years as his godmother formerly owned 5225 Benson Avenue. Both Mr. Funk and Mr. Fischer testified they not dispute he subject property has been used continuously and without interruption as a two-apartment dwelling, Test mony indicated they have had problems in the past with the condition of the property, tenants chosen by Petitioners, and parking problems as a result of its use as apartments. Mr. Funk indicated that the condition of the property has improved recently, and expressed his hope that the efforts made by Petitioners, will

The nature of a nonconforming use and permitted issues which may be addressed at this hearing was explained to all parties at the hearing. Zoning came officially to Baltimore County on January 2, 1945, when, pursuant to previous authorization by the General Assembly, the County Commissioners adopted a comprehensive set of zoning regulations.

continue after the conclusion of the hearing.

The Commissioners were first authorized to adopt comprehensive planning and zoning regulations in 1939 (Laws of Maryland, 1939, ch. 715). At the next biennial session of the General Assembly, this authorization was repealed, and a new authorization was enacted (Laws of Md., 1941, ch. 247). Before any such regulations were issued, the Legislature authorized the Commissioners to make special exceptions to the regulations (Laws of Md., 1943, ch. 877). The first regulations

effect on January 2, 1945. See Kahl v. Cons. Gas Elec. Light and Pwr.

Appeals, 262 Md. 265, 277 A.2d 589 (1971) Section II of those regulations created seven zones, four being residential, one commercial, and two industrial. See McKemy v. Baltimore County, Md., 39 Md. App. 257, 385 A.2d 96 (1978).

Those original regulations provided for nonconforming uses. The

"A lawful nonconforming use existing on the effective " date of the adoption of these regulations may continue, provided, however, upon any change from such i nonconforming use to a conforming use, or any attempt to change from such nonconforming use to a different nonconforming use or any discontinuance of such nonconfor ng use for a period of one year, or in case a non unforming structure shall be damaged by fire or otherwise to the extent of seventy-five (75%) percent of its value, the right to continue to resume, such nonconforming use shall terminate, provided, however, that any such lawful nonconforming use may be extended or enlarged to an <u>extent</u> not more than once again the area of the land used in the original nonconforming use." Section XI, 1945, B.C.Z.R.

Baltimore County adopted a new set of comprehensive zoning regu-

lations on March 30, 1955. The issue of nonconforming uses are dealt with

in Section 104 of those regulations. The Section then read:

"104.1 - A lawful nonconforming use existing on the effective date of the adoption of these regulations may continue; provided that upon any change from such nonconforming use to any other use whatsoever, or any abandonment or discontinuance of such nonconforming use for a period of one year or more, or in case any conconforming business or manufacturing structure shall be damaged by fire or other casualty to the extent of seventy-five (75%) percent of its replacement cost at the time of such loss, the right to continue or resume such nonconforming use shall terminate. No nonconforming building or structure and no nonconforming use of a building, structure, or parcel or land shall hereafter be extended more than 25% of the ground floor area of buildings so used."

Section 104.1 was changed to its current language on March 15, And the second and the second process of the second position of the 1976 by Bill Ao. 18-76. The current effective regulation reads as follows: 191 Md. 249, 254, 60 A.2d 754 (1948); Calhoun v. County Board of "A nonconforming use (as defined in Section 101) may continue except as otherwise specifically provided in

these Regulations; provided that upon any change from such nonconforming use to any other use whatsoever, or any abandonment or discontinuance of such nonconforming use for a period of one year or more, or in case any nonconforming business or manufacturing structure shall be damaged by fire or other casualty to the extent of seventy-five (75%) percent of its replacement cost at the time of such loss, the right to continue or resume such nonconforming use shall terminate. No nonconforming building or structure and no nonconforming use of a building, structure, or parcel of land shall hereafter be extended more in 25% of the ground floor area of buildings to used.

(B.C.Z.R., 1955; Bill No. 18, 1976)"

buildings. The second reads as follows:

On August 4, 1980, the current language found in Section 104.2 was added to the B.C.Z.R. by Bill No. 167-80. This regulation placed an exception upon the general nonconforming rule for Special Exception office

"Exception. Any contrary provision of these regulations notwithstanding, an office building that was authorized by grant of a special exception and that becomes damaged to any extent or destroyed by casualty may be fully restored in accordance with the terms of

the special exception. (Bill No. 167, 1980)" As with all non-conforming use cases, the first task is to deter-

mine what lawful non-conforming use existed on the subject property prior to January 2, 1945, the effective date of the adoption of the Zoning Regu-

The second principle to be applied, as specified in Section 104.1, is whether or not there has been a change in the use of the subject.

property. A determination must be made as to whether or not the change is a different use, and therefore, breaks the continued nature of the non-con

lations and the controlling date for the beginning of zoning.

forming use. If the change in use is found to be different than the origi-

the current use of the property shall not be considered non-con-See McKemy v. Baltimore County, Md., 39 Md. App. 257, 385 A2d. 96 (1978). There is no evidence of any change in use in this instance.

After due consideration of the testimony and evidence presented, it appears that the subject property has back used continuously and without interruption as a two apartment dwelling unit since prior to the effective date of the zoning regulations. Inasmuch as the Petitioner, was unable to prove the nonconforming use of the subject property as three apartments, the relief requested should be denied.

Pursuant to the advertisement, posting of the property, and public hearing on this Petition held, and for the reasons given above, the relief requested in the Petition for Special Hearing shall be denied. THEREFORE, IT IS ORDERED by the Deputy Zoning Commissioner for Baltimore County this /00 day of November, 1989 that the Petition for Special Hearing to approve the nonconforming use of the subject property as three-apartment dwelling unit in accordance with Petitioner's Exhibit 1

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that a nonconforming use of the subject property as a two apartment dwelling unit, is hereby GRANTED, subject nowever, to the collowing restriction:

The Petitioners are hereby made aware that proceeding at this time is at their own risk until such time as the 30-day appellate process from this Order has expired. If, for whatever reason, this Order is reversed, the Petitioners would be required to return, and he responsible for returning, said property to its original condition.

> G\_HN so faces of ANN M. NASTAROWICZ Deputy Zoning Commissioner for Baltimore County

PETITION FOR SPECIAL HEARING

TO THE ZONING COMMISSIONER OF BALTIMORE COUNTY: The undersigned, legal owner(s) of the property situate in Baltimore County and which is described in the description and plat attached hereto and made a part hereof, here y petition for a Special Hearing under Section 500.7 of the Baltimore County Zoning Regulations, to determine whether or not the Zoning Commissioner and/or Deputy Zoning Commissioner should approve \_\_\_\_\_\_

Property is to be posted and advertised as prescribed by Zoning Regulations.

I, or we, agree to pay er inses of the above Special Hearing advertising, posting, etc., upon filing of this Petition, and further agree to and are to be bound by the zoning regulations and restrictions of Baltimore County adopted pursuant to the Zoning Law for Baltimore County.

I/We do solemnly declare and affirm, under the penalties of perjury, that I/we are the legal owner(s) of the property which is the subject of this Petition.

Contract Purchaser: Legal Owner(s): BENSON YOLDING CO. INC (Type or Print Name) Hobert L. Freder (Type or Print Name)

City and State Attorney for Petitioner: (Type or Print Name)

HERBERT L. FISHER City and State 1342 ELM RP. MILLERSVILLE, MP. 21108

19.22, that the subject matter of this petition be advertised, as required by the Zoning Law of Baltimore County, in two newspapers of general circulation throughout Baltimore County, that property be posted, and that the public hearing be had before the Zoning

PETITION FOR SPECIAL HEARING

TO THE ZONING COMMISSIONER OF BALTIMORE COUNTY:

The undersigned, legal owner of the property situate in Baltimore County and which is described in the description and plat attached hereto and made a part hereof, hereby petition

Should approve the continuous use of 5227 Benson Ave. as a 3 apartment dwelling.

of the Zoning Regulations of Baltimore County to the Zoning Law of Baltimore County; for the following reasons (indicate hardship or practical difficulty)

> This house was already converted for three apartments before 1945.

Property is to be posted and advertised as prescribed by Zoning Regulations.

I, or we, agree to pay expenses of above Variance advertising, posting, etc., upon filing of this petition, and further agree to and are to be bound by the zoning regulations and restrictions of Baltimore County adopted pursuant to the Zoning Law for Baltimore

I/We do solemnly declare and affirm, under the penalties of perjury, that I/We are the legal owner(s) of the property which is the subject of this Petition.

Legal Owner(s): BENSON HOLDING CO INC Type or Print Name)

8342 ELM RP 647-7547 MILLERSVILLE MP 2/108

City & State

Beginning on the east side of Benson Ave. at the distance of 296 north of the centerline of Sulphur Spring Rd. being lots 91 & 92 in the subdivision of Arbutus, Book No. 4, Folio 87 also known as 5227 Benson Ave. in the 13th Election District.

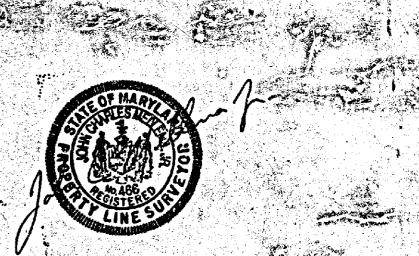
6100 Baltimore National Pike Baltimore, Maryland 21228

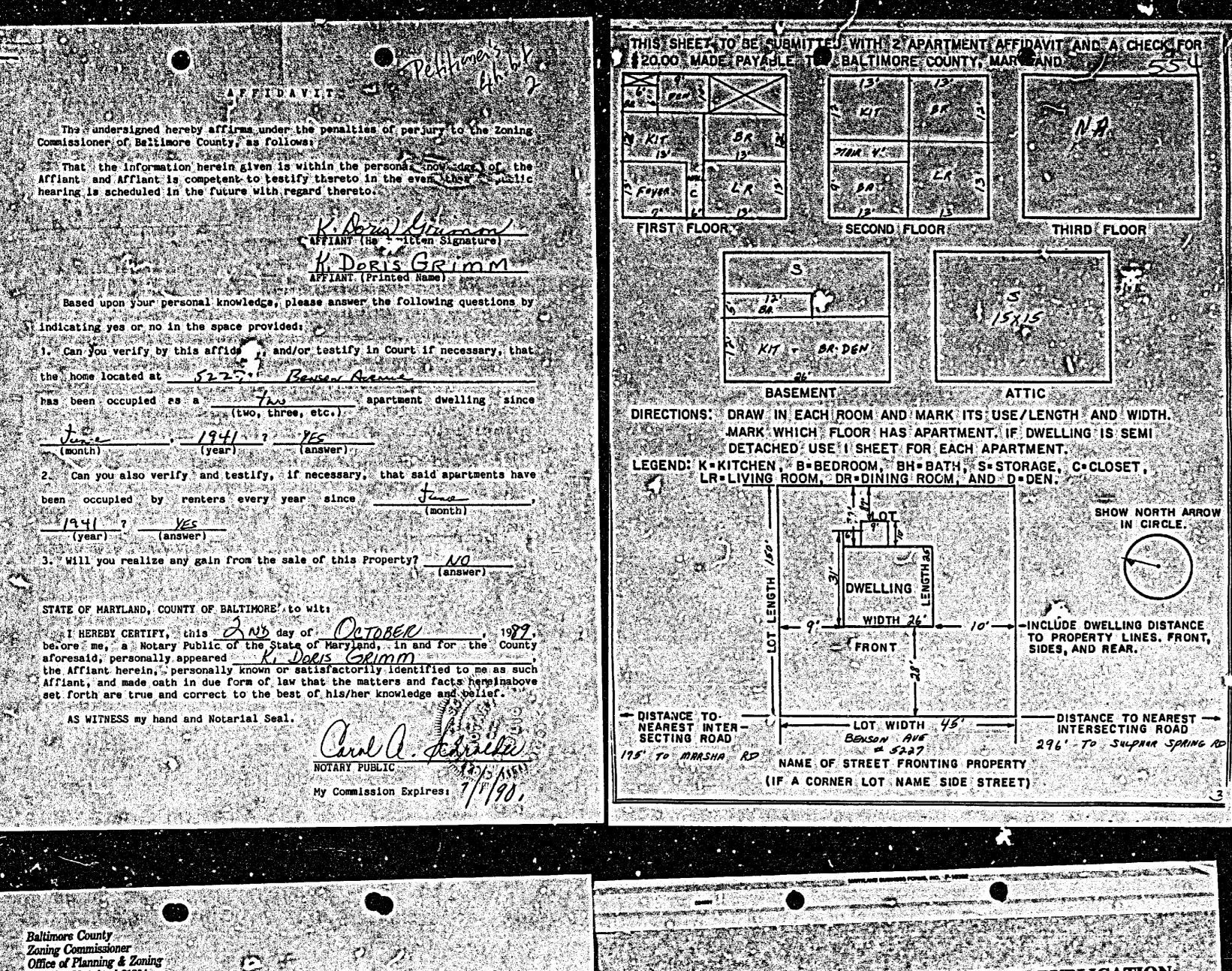
Deed Description for Benson Holding Company Inc. Property

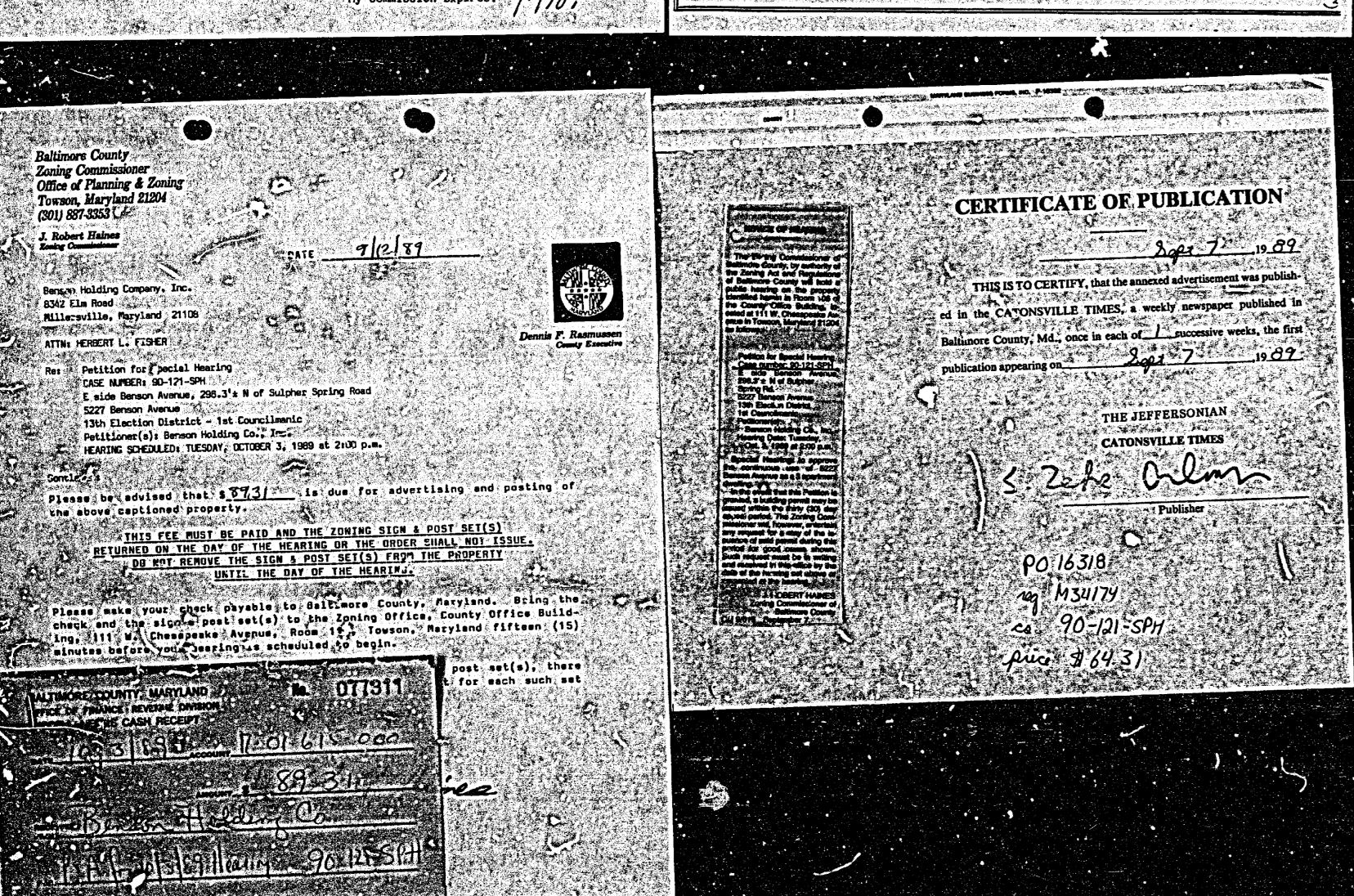
Beginning for the same at a point on the east side of Benson Avenue at a point distant 296 feet 3 inches Northerly from the corner formed by the intersection of the east side of Benson Avenue with the north side of Sulpher Spring Road, said point of beginning being 5 feet north of the division line between lot 91 and 92 as shown on the Plat of Arbutus, recorded among the land records of Baltimore County in Plat Book W.P.C. No. 4 Folio 87, running thence northerly binding on the East side of Benson Avenue 45 feet to the division line between lot 92 and lot 93 as shown on aforementioned plat, thence easterly at right angles to Benson Avenue and binding on and running with the division line between lct 92 and lot 93, 150 feet to lot 106, thence southerly parralel with Benson Avenue and binding on and running with part of lot no. 106, 45 feet, thence westerly at right angles to Benson Avenue 150 feet to the place of

Being and comprising the northernmost 45 feet of lot 92 as shown on Plat of Arbutus referred to above. The improvements thereon being known as 5227 Benson Avenue.

Being the same parcel of ground described in a deed dated October 21, 1964 by and between Herbert L. Fischer party of the part and Benson Holding Co. Inc. party of the second part and recorded among the land records of Baltimore County Md. in lines 4377 folio 326.







Per a 110 in the land to the second



Zoning Commissione

**(301) 887-3353** 

Office of Planning & Zoning Towson, Maryland 21204

NOTICE OF HEARING

of Baltimore County will hold a public hearing on the property identified herein in Room 108 of the County Office Building, located at 111 W. Chesapeake Avenue in Towson, Maryland as

eriod. The Zoning Commissioner will, however, entertain any

ZONING COMMISSIONER

BALTIMURE COUNTY, MARYLAND

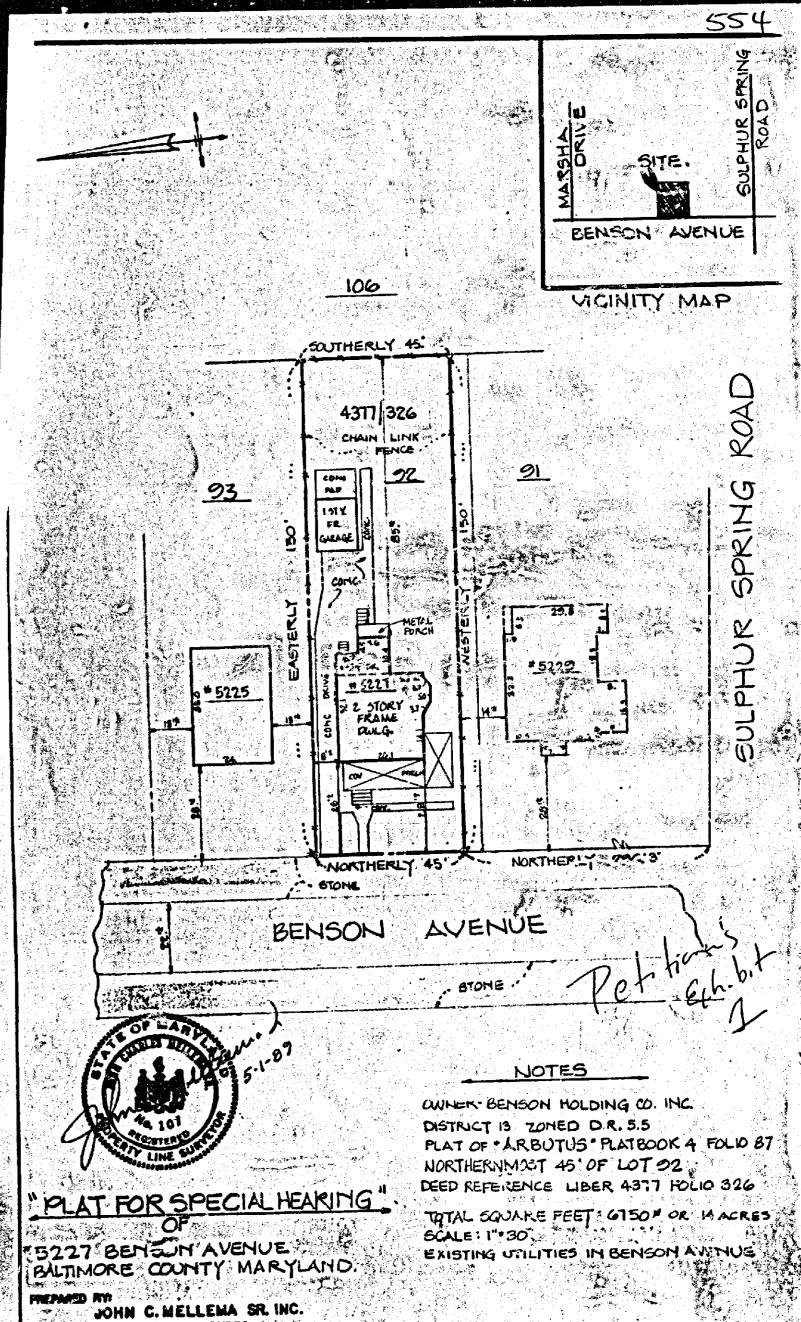
Petition for Special Hearing
CASE NUMBER: 90-121-SPH

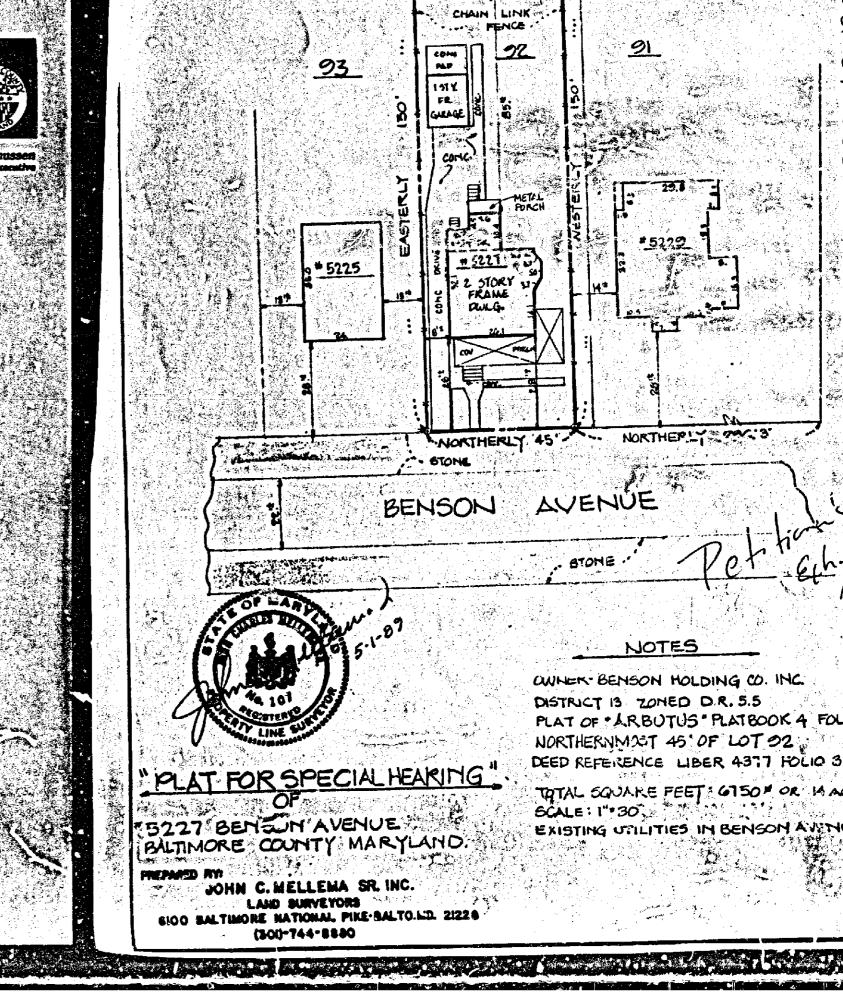
E side Benson Avenue, 296.3' N of Sulpher Spring Road

HEARING SCHEDULED: TUESDAY, OCTOBER 3, 1989 at 2:00 p.m.

5227 Benson Avenue 13th Election District - 1st Councilmanic Petitioner(s): Benson Holding Co., Inc.

Commissioner of Baltimore County, by authority of the Zoning Act and Regulations





BALTIMORE COUNTY, MARYLAND

INTER-OFFICE CORRESPONDENCE

J. Robert Haines

DATE: September 25, 1989

Zoning Commissioner

Pat Keller, Deputy Director Office of Planning and Zoning

Benson Holding Co., Inc., Item 554

SUBJECT: Zoning Petition No. 90-121-SPH

The Petitioner requests a Special Hearing to approve the use of 5227 Benson Avenue as a 3-apartment dwelling.

In reference to this request, staff offers no comment,

If there should be any further questions or if this office can provide additional information, please contact Jeffrey Long in the Office of Planning at 887-3480.

FROM:

Baltimore County Department of Public Works
Bureau of Traffic Er reering Courts Building, Suite 405 Towson, Maryland 21204 (301) 887-3554

Mr. J. Robert Haines Zoning Commissioner County Office Building Towson, MD 21204





ZONING OFFICE

The Bureau of Traffic Engineering has no comments for items number 525, 526, 527, 542, 543, 544, 545, 546, 547, 548, 549, 550, 551, 552, 553, 555, 557, 558 and 559.

Michael S. Flanigan

Traffic Engineer Associate II

Baltimore County Fire Department 800 York Road Towson, Maryland 21204-2586 (301) 887-4500 Paul H. Reincke

JUNE 26, 1989

J. Robert Haines Zoning Commissioner Office of Planning and Zoning
Baltimore County Office Building
Towson, MD 21204



RE: Property Owner:

BENSON HOLDING COMPANY, INC.

Location:

E SIDE BENSON AVENUE

Item No.: 554

Zoning Agenda: JUNE 27, 1989

Gentlemen:

Pursuant to your request, the referenced property has been surveyed by this Bureau and the comments below are applicable and required to be corrected or incorporated into the final plans for the property.

5. The buildings and structures existing or proposed on the site shall comply with all applicable requirements of the National Fire Protection Association Standard No. 101 "Life Safety Code", 1988 edition prior to occupancy.